

FEATURE ARTICLE

How Hormones Support a Healthy Heart



In case you haven't heard it yet, heart disease remains the leading cause of death for women in the U.S.—a fact that hasn't changed despite growing awareness. According to the CDC, one in five female deaths is attributed to heart disease. That means hundreds of thousands of women die each year from a largely preventable condition.

One of the key factors that increases a woman's risk of heart disease is hormonal decline, particularly the loss of estrogen during menopause. Estrogen is a powerful heart protector—helping to maintain healthy cholesterol levels, reduce inflammation, and keep blood vessels flexible. Once estrogen levels drop, a woman's risk of heart attacks, strokes, and cardiovascular disease rises dramatically—often surpassing that of men.

With over **50** million women over the age of **50** in the U.S. **today**, it's critical that we rethink heart disease prevention. One of the most effective yet underutilized strategies? **Bioidentical hormone replacement therapy (BHRT)**. Research shows that **timely hormone therapy can reduce the risk of heart disease by more than 60%**.

Why Hormones Matter

In our 20s and 30s, we have an abundance of key hormones, including:

- Estradiol (estrogen of youth) Supports cardiovascular function, maintains skin elasticity, and regulates metabolism
- **Progesterone** Balances estrogen, promotes restful sleep, and stabilizes mood.
- **Testosterone** Fuels energy, libido, and muscle strength.

These hormones **help us feel vibrant, energized, and resilient**—from smooth skin and easy weight management to a strong immune system and quick recovery from illness.

What Happens in Our 40s and Beyond?

As hormone production declines, everything changes:

- **Cholesterol levels rise** LDL ("bad" cholesterol) increases while HDL ("good" cholesterol) decreases.
- **Arterial plaque builds up** Increasing the risk of high blood pressure and heart disease.
- Energy drops, sleep suffers, and anxiety increases.

- Weight gain, especially around the midsection, becomes more common.
- Heart disease symptoms present differently in women

 Unlike men, women may not experience classic chest
 pain. Instead, symptoms can include jaw pain, arm
 discomfort, extreme fatigue, or a persistent
 cough—often leading to misdiagnosis.

The Solution: Bioidentical Hormones & Proactive Heart Health

If more women understood the heart-protective benefits of bioidentical hormone therapy (BHT)—which mimics the body's natural hormones—they could significantly reduce their risk of cardiovascular disease.

Here's what you can do today:

- Start bioidentical hormone therapy early Don't wait until menopause. If you're experiencing fatigue, sleep disturbances, or mood shifts in your 40s, it may be time to talk to a doctor about BHRT.
- Prioritize heart-healthy nutrition Eat a low-carb, anti-inflammatory diet rich in vegetables, healthy fats, and lean proteins. Cut back on sugar, processed foods, caffeine, and alcohol.
- Move your body daily Engage in at least 30 minutes of cardio and strength training to maintain metabolic and cardiovascular health.
- **Get quality sleep** Aim for 7–8 hours of restorative sleep every night to support hormone balance and heart function.
- Eliminate stress and fear Chronic anxiety negatively impacts heart health. Practice mindfulness, connect with supportive people, and prioritize joy.
- Work with a knowledgeable doctor Seek out hormone-literate practitioners who understand the link between hormones and cardiovascular health.

Take Control of Your Health

Women shouldn't have to fear heart disease—or aging. With the right knowledge and proactive steps, you can protect your heart, maintain your vitality, and enjoy a long, healthy life.

Let's start today.